



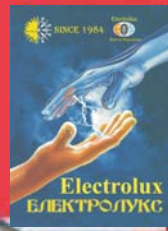
# Електролуks Electrolux Bitola

## TEHNICKA PRESMETKA ZA GREJNA OPREMA I EL.INSTALACIJA

Electrolux-Elektroluks-Електролуks

PRECISION HEAT AND CONTROL

Electrical Heat Tracing Systems  
Design Guide



Macedonia-Europe

ELECTRICAL HEATING SYSTEMS

Ovoј crtez e сопственост на Electrolux-Bitola.Bez negovo писмено одобрување истиот несмее да се prepisuva , umnozuva нити kopira bez согласност од Elektroluks vo спровитно се snosati posledici vo smislana clenovite 163 i 164 od kriticniot zakon R.M. (повреда на авторско право)

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Тел/Факс: 047/203-900; 203-330; 070/237-108  
Тел/Факс:02/329 8 130;070/237 198

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## INTRODUCTION



This design guide provides a step-by-step approach for the design, specification, and selection of a bill of materials for an electric heat tracing system. Electric heat tracing systems are designed to make up for the heat lost from process system equipment through the thermal insulation. In some cases, the heat tracing system can be used for system heat-up at initial startup or after a power shutdown.



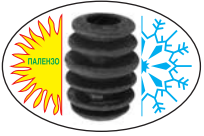
The information in this design guide will allow the user to design, specify, and select a complete bill of materials for freeze protection or process maintenance applications for a piping system or tank. By following the steps in this guide the user can easily select a complete bill of materials for the system, including heating cable, connection accessories, and temperature controls.



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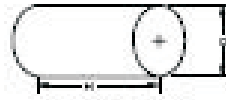
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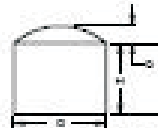
## THERMAL DESIGN-TANKS

### TEHNICKA PRESMETKA NA ZAGREVANJE NA CISTERNA

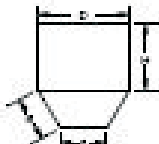
#### THERMAL DESIGN-TANKS



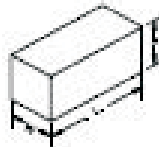
CYLINDRICAL TANK, FLAT  
AREA = AREA (SIDE) + AREA (SIDE)  
=  $2DL + 2D^2$



CYLINDRICAL TANK, DOMED  
AREA = AREA (TOP) + AREA (SIDE)  
+ AREA (BOTTOM)  
=  $(\pi D^2/4) + DL + (\pi D^2/4)$   
=  $DL + \pi D^2$



CYLINDRICAL TANK, CONICAL  
AREA = AREA (TOP) + AREA (SIDE)  
+ AREA (CONES)  
=  $DL + 2DH$



RECTANGULAR TANK  
AREA = AREA (TOP) + AREA (SIDE)  
+ AREA (BOTTOM)  
=  $2LW + 2LH + 2WH$

Table 3  
Heat Loss (Q<sub>h</sub>) for Various Insulation Thicknesses

Insulation Thickness		Heat Loss (Q <sub>h</sub> )	
In.	mm	Btu/hr/ft <sup>2</sup>	W/m <sup>2</sup> /°C
1/8	12.7	0.161	3.120
1	25.4	0.081	1.589
1 1/2	38.1	0.054	1.046
2	50.8	0.040	0.775
3	76.2	0.027	0.523
4	101.6	0.020	0.398
5	127.0	0.016	0.310
6	152.4	0.013	0.252

NOTE: Heat loss values based on 20 mph (32 kph) wind, 10% safety factor, and Fiberglas® insulation at 90°F (32°C).

Collect the following information for each tank.

Maintenance Temperature, T<sub>m</sub>: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Minimum Ambient Temperature, T<sub>a</sub>: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Location, Indoor/Outdoor: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Wind Speed, if applicable: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tank Shape and Surface Area: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Additional Safety Factor if required: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Thermal Insulation Type and Thickness: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Example:

**English**  
 Maintenance Temperature, T<sub>m</sub>: 40°F  
 Minimum Ambient Temperature, T<sub>a</sub>: -20°F  
 Location, Indoor/Outdoor: Outdoor  
 Wind Speed, if applicable: 20 mph  
 Tank Shape and Surface Area: Steel Horizontal Cylinder  
 3 ft dia.  
 6 ft long

Additional Safety Factor if required: None  
 Thermal Insulation Type and Thickness: Cellular Glass

#### Example:

**Metric**  
 Maintenance Temperature, T<sub>m</sub>: 4.4°C  
 Minimum Ambient Temperature, T<sub>a</sub>: -28.9°C  
 Location, Indoor/Outdoor: Outdoor  
 Wind Speed, if applicable: 32 kph  
 Tank Shape and Surface Area: Steel Horizontal Cylinder  
 0.92 m dia.  
 1.83 m long

Additional Safety Factor if required: None  
 Thermal Insulation Type and Thickness: Cellular Glass

#### Step 1. Calculate AT

$$AT = T_m - T_a$$

**English**  
 = 40°F - (-20°F)  
 = 60°F

**Metric**  
 = 4.4°C - (-28.9°C)  
 = 33.3°C

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## Step 2. Determine Total Surface Area of Tank

Most tanks are a combination of shapes. Determine the surface area of each section and then add the areas for each section to determine the overall surface area, A.

$$A = \pi D^2/2 + \pi DH$$

English  
 $= (3.14)(3 \text{ ft})^2/2 + (3.14)(3 \text{ ft})(6 \text{ ft})$   
 $= 70.7 \text{ ft}^2$

Metric  
 $= (3.14)(0.92 \text{ m})^2/2 + (3.14)(0.92 \text{ m})(1.83 \text{ m})$   
 $= 6.6 \text{ m}^2$

## Step 3. Determine Q<sub>t</sub>

Find Q<sub>t</sub> in Table 3 for the corresponding insulation thickness.

## Step 4. Calculate Heat Loss, Q

$$Q = (Q_t)(A)(T)$$

English  
 $= (0.040 \text{ W/m}^2\text{°F})(60\text{°F})(70.7 \text{ ft}^2)$   
 $= 170 \text{ W}$

Metric  
 $= (0.775 \text{ W/m}^2\text{°C})(33.3\text{°C})(6.6\text{m}^2)$   
 $= 170 \text{ W}$

## Step 5. Adjust for Insulation

Q, as found in the step above, must be adjusted for the insulation type. Multiply your heat loss by I<sub>a</sub>, the Insulation Adjustment Factor, from the values in Table 2.

Using the Insulation Adjustment Factor (I<sub>a</sub>) for cellular glass (1.48):

$$Q_t = Q \times I_a$$

$$= 170 \text{ W} \times 1.48$$

$$= 252 \text{ W}$$

## Step 6. Correct for Indoor Location/Windspeed

If the application is indoors, multiply Q<sub>t</sub> by D.O. Since Table 3 is based on 20 mph (32 kph) wind-speed, add 5% margin for each additional 5 mph (8 kph) over 20 mph (32 kph).

## Step 7. Correct for Additional Safety Factors

## Step 8. Additional Equipment Heat Losses

Equipment such as ladders, manways, and support legs act as heat sinks and increase the overall heat loss of the tanks. For each piece of equipment, use Table 4 to calculate equipment heat loss and add to the heat loss calculated above.



For example, additional heat loss for 4 support legs:

$$Q_A = (Q_L)(A_T) \times \text{number of legs}$$

English  
 $= (0.5 \text{ W/ft}^2)(60\text{°F}) \times 4$   
 $= 120 \text{ W}$

Metric  
 $= (0.9 \text{ W/m}^2)(33.3\text{°C}) \times 4$   
 $= 120 \text{ W}$

## Step 9. Calculate the Cable Length Required

To determine the length required, take the total heat loss as calculated in the previous steps and divide by the chosen cable output at the maintenance temperature. (See Figures 1-4.)

$$Q = Q_t + Q_A$$

$$= 252 \text{ W} + 120 \text{ W}$$

$$= 372 \text{ W}$$

$$\text{SRL5-CT Output @ } 40\text{°F} = 4.8 \text{ W/ft}$$

$$L = 372 \text{ W} \div 4.8 \text{ W/ft}$$

$$L = 78 \text{ ft}$$

Table 4

### Tank Equipment Heat Loss Calculation (Q<sub>e</sub>)

Support Legs	0.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup> (0.9 W/m <sup>2</sup> ) x number of legs
Ladder	2.5 W/ft <sup>2</sup> (4.5 W/m <sup>2</sup> ) x number of ladders
Manways	10.0 W/ft <sup>2</sup> (18.0 W/m <sup>2</sup> ) x number of manways

7  
**THERMAL DESIGN-TANKS**

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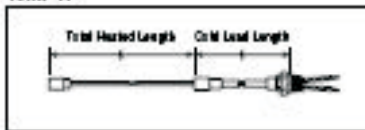
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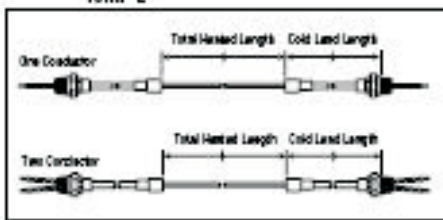
## TEHNICKA PRESMETKA NA EL.GREEN KABEL

### MINERAL INSULATED CABLE DESIGN

Form "A"



Form "E"



Mineral Insulated Cable can be manufactured into the heater designs shown below as Form "A" and Form "E". The following information is required to properly design mineral insulated cable units. Determine the following information and contact the Chromalox Application Group for assistance (see back cover).

For Pipe

Length:  
Diameter:  
Material:

For Tank

Length:  
Width:  
Height:  
Radius:  
Diameter:  
Surface Area:  
Material:

Type of Insulation:  
Insulation Thickness:  
Voltage:  
Maintenance Temperature:  
Minimum Ambient Temperature:  
Minimum Startup Temperature:  
Maximum Exposure Temperature:  
Area Classification:  
Indoor or Outdoor:  
Maximum Wind Speed:  
Corrosive(s) Present:  
Safety Factor:  
Equipment and Quantity:  
Flange Pair:  
Pipe Support:  
Butterfly Valve:  
Ball Valve:  
Globe Valve:  
Gate Valve:  
Desired Cable Form:  
Form A:  
Form E:  
One-Conductor:  
Two-Conductor:  
Desired Cold Lead Length:

Blank lines for data entry corresponding to the form fields.

MINERAL INSULATED  
CABLE DESIGN



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Figure 3

SRL & HSRL – Thermal Output Ratings on Plastic Pipes with Aluminum Tape Over Cable

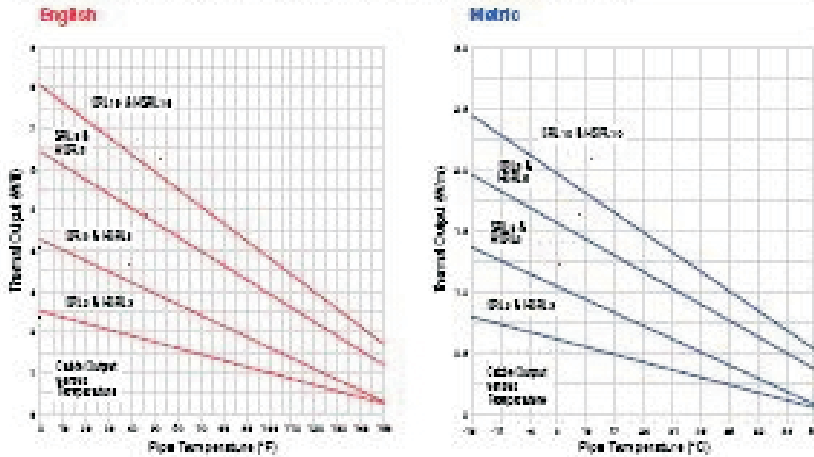
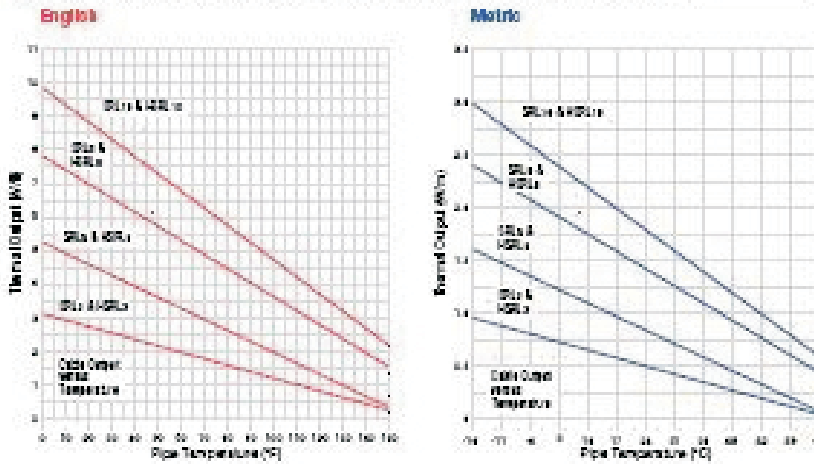


Figure 4

SRL & HSRL – Thermal Output Ratings on Plastic Pipes with Aluminum Tape Under and Over Cable



HEATING CABLE  
SELECTION



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## THERMAL DESIGN-PIPES

The first step in designing a heat trace system is to determine the heat loss from each pipe or tank to be traced. Collect the following data for each pipe (for tank applications go to page 6). Then follow the steps below to determine the heat loss.

Maintenance Temperature,  $T_m$ : \_\_\_\_\_  
 Minimum Ambient Temperature,  $T_a$ : \_\_\_\_\_  
 Location, Indoor/Outdoor: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Wind Speed, if applicable: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Nominal Pipe/Tubing Size,  $D_n$ : \_\_\_\_\_  
 Additional Safety Factor, if required: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Thermal Insulation Type and Thickness: \_\_\_\_\_

### Example

#### English

Maintenance Temperature,  $T_m$ : 40°F  
 Minimum Ambient Temperature,  $T_a$ : -20°F  
 Location, Indoor/Outdoor: Outdoor  
 Wind Speed, if applicable: 10 mph  
 Nominal Pipe/Tubing Size,  $D_n$ : 3" Steel  
 Additional Safety Factor, if required: None  
 Thermal Insulation Type and Thickness: 2" Cellular Glass

### Example

#### Metric

Maintenance Temperature,  $T_m$ : 4.4°C  
 Minimum Ambient Temperature,  $T_a$ : -28.9°C  
 Location, Indoor/Outdoor: Outdoor  
 Wind Speed, if applicable: 16 kph  
 Nominal Pipe/Tubing Size,  $D_n$ : 76 mm Steel  
 Additional Safety Factor, if required: None  
 Thermal Insulation Type and Thickness: 51 mm Cellular Glass

### Step 1. Calculate $\Delta T$

$$\Delta T = T_m - T_a$$

English  
 = 40°F - (-20°F)  
 = 60°F

Metric  
 = 4.4°C - (-28.9°C)  
 = 33.3°C

### Step 2. Determine Pipe Heat Loss

Find  $Q_p$  in Table 1 (page 2) for the nominal pipe size and insulation thickness based on  $\Delta T$ .

For example, for a 3" (76 mm) pipe with 2" (51 mm) insulation and  $\Delta T = 60^\circ\text{F}$  (33.3°C), the value for  $Q_p$  is 5.5 W/ft (10.8 W/m).

### Step 3. Adjust for Insulation

Table 1 (page 2) is based on ASTM C547 Fiberglas® insulation.

$Q_p$ , as found in the step above, must be adjusted for the insulation type. Multiply your heat loss by  $I_a$ , the Insulation Adjustment Factor, from the values in Table 2 (page 5).

$$Q_p = Q_p \times I_a$$

For Cellular Glass,  $I_a = 1.48$

#### English

$$Q_p = 3.3 \text{ W/ft} \times 1.48$$

$$= 4.88 \text{ W/ft}$$

#### Metric

$$Q_p = 10.8 \text{ W/m} \times 1.48$$

$$= 15.98 \text{ W/m}$$

### Step 4. Correct for Indoor Location/Wind Speed

If location is indoors multiply  $Q_p$  by 0.9.

### Step 5. Correct for Additional Safety Factor

Table 1 is based on 10% safety factor and 20 mph (32 kph) windspeed, add 5% margin for each 5 mph (8 kph) over 20 mph (32 kph).



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THERMAL DESIGN-PIPES

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## HEATING CABLE SELECTION

Figure 1

BRL & HBRL – Thermal Output Ratings on Insulated Metal Pipe

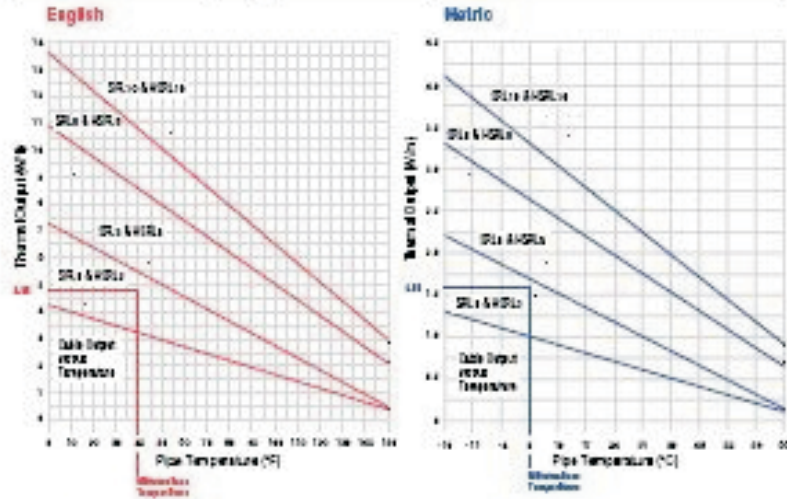
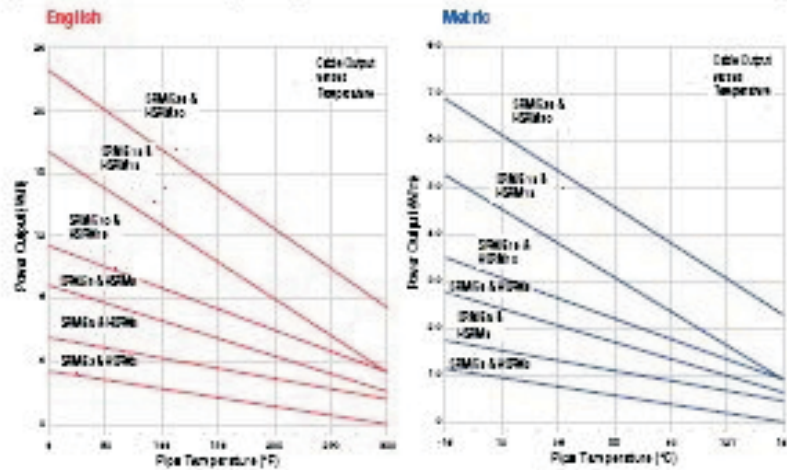


Figure 2

BRME & HBRM – Thermal Output Ratings on Insulated Metal Pipe



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## HEATING CABLE SELECTION

### HEATING CABLE SELECTION



To determine the correct cable for your application, determine the following information:

Maintenance Temperature = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Max. Exposure Temperature = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Pipe Material = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Service Voltage = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Chemical Environment = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Area Classification = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Heat Requirement (from Thermal Design Section) = \_\_\_\_\_

#### Example:

**English**  
 Maintenance Temperature = 40°F  
 Max. Exposure Temperature = 100°F  
 Pipe Material = Stainless Steel  
 Service Voltage = 120V  
 Chemical Environment = Organic  
 Area Classification = OD2 Group B  
 Heat Requirement (from Thermal Design Section) = 4.89 W/ft

#### Example:

**Metric**  
 Maintenance Temperature = 4.4°C  
 Max. Exposure Temperature = 37.8°C  
 Pipe Material = Stainless Steel  
 Service Voltage = 120V  
 Chemical Environment = Organic  
 Area Classification = OD2 Group B  
 Heat Requirement (from Thermal Design Section) = 15.98 W/m

#### Step 1. Select Heating Cable Family

Based on the maximum maintenance temperature, maximum exposure temperature, and area classification, select the heating cable family from Table 5.

**Note:** Maximum maintenance temperatures for constant wattage cables (CWH) are dependent upon cable wattage rating and the use of aluminum foil tape. See Table 6 (page 10).

#### Example:

Based on information, select the SRL (Self-Regulating Low Temperature) Cable Family.

Selection: SRL \* - \*\*

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## ELECTRICAL DESIGN

### ELECTRICAL DESIGN

#### Circuit Breaker Selection

To select the circuit breaker size, determine the following information:

Maintenance Temperature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Heat Loss per Foot of Pipe, Q<sub>p</sub>: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Pipe or Tubing Size: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Pipe Length: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Type and Number of Valves & Supports: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Heating Cable Catalog Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Minimum Start-Up Temperature: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Example:

##### English

Maintenance Temperature: 40°F  
 Heat Loss per Foot of Pipe, Q<sub>p</sub>: 4.88 W/ft  
 Pipe or Tubing Size: 3" steel  
 Pipe Length: 124 ft  
 Type and Number of Valves & Supports: 2 Butterfly Valves, 12 Pipe Hanger Supports  
 Heating Cable Catalog Number: SRL 5-1CT  
 Minimum Start-Up Temperature: -20°F

#### Example:

##### Metric

Maintenance Temperature: 4.4°C  
 Heat Loss per Foot of Pipe, Q<sub>p</sub>: 15.98 W/m  
 Pipe or Tubing Size: 76 mm steel  
 Pipe Length: 38 m  
 Type and Number of Valves & Supports: 2 Butterfly Valves, 12 Pipe Hanger Supports  
 Heating Cable Catalog Number: SRL 5-1CT  
 Minimum Start-Up Temperature: -28.9°C

#### Step 1. Determine the Total Cable Length

In addition to piping, in-line equipment such as valves, flanges, and pipe supports require additional heat tracing to maintain the system operating temperatures.

#### Example

Pipe length of 124 ft (38 m) single pass application	=	124 ft (38 m) SRL 5-1CT
2 Butterfly Valves, additional cable 2.5 ft (0.76 m) each valve	=	5.0 ft (1.52 m) SRL 5-1CT
12 Pipe Hanger Supports, additional cable per support is 2.0 ft (0.61 m)	=	24.0 ft (7.3 m) SRL 5-1CT
<b>Total length required</b>	<b>=</b>	<b>153 ft (46.82 m) SRL 5-1CT</b>



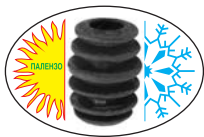
See Table 11 (page 19) for additional cable lengths required for each type of in-line equipment based on piping size.

Calculate the total length of heating cable required by combining lengths from each component of the piping system.

Браќа Минџови бр.18, Стара Царица Битола. Г.Т.Ц.Бунјаковец Скопје  
 Тел/Факс: 047/203-900; 203-330; 070/237-108  
 Тел/Факс: 02/329 8 130; 070/237 198

[www.electroluks.com.mk](http://www.electroluks.com.mk), [www.electrolux.com.mk](http://www.electrolux.com.mk), [electrolux@mt.net.mk](mailto:electrolux@mt.net.mk)

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Браќа Минѓови бр.18, Стара Царница Битола, Г.Т.Ц.Бунјаковец Скопје  
Тел/Факс: 047/203-900; 203-330; 070/237-108  
Тел/Факс: 02/329 8 130; 070/237 198

[www.elektroluks.com.mk](http://www.elektroluks.com.mk), [www.electrolux.com.mk](http://www.electrolux.com.mk), [electrolux@mt.net.mk](mailto:electrolux@mt.net.mk)

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